

- Q 19. If the earth's axis had not been inclined.
- Seasons would not have occurred.
 - Length of days and nights would not have varied
 - Poles would not have day continuously for six months.
 - There would have been uniform distribution of temperature.

Which of the above statements are correct?

- (a) 1 and 2 only (b) 1,2 and 3 only
(c) 1,2, 3 and 4 (d) 1,3 and 4 only

Q 20. The sun is never overhead at any time of the year in

- Tropical Zone
- North and South Temperate Zones
- North and South Frigid Zones

Which of the above facts is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only (b) 1 and 2 only
(c) 1,2 and 3 (d) 2 and 3 only

Q 21. Consider the following statements.

- Norway is known as the "land of midnight sun".
- Japan is known as the "land of rising sun"
- There are large scale seasonal variations in duration of the day at Singapore.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only (b) 1 and 2 only
(c) 2 and 3 only (d) 1, 2 and 3

Q 22. Which country of the world never gets vertical rays of the sun?

- (a) India (b) Australia
(c) Uruguay (d) Kenya

Q 23. Which statement is not true regarding the Big Bang Theory?

- Everything in the universe emerged from a point known as singularity.
- This happened about 13.7 billion years ago.
- Clouds formed clusters of galaxies.
- The universe is contracting.

Q 24. Which of the following is not the cause for seasonal variation in the length of the day?

- Rotation of the earth
- Revolution of the earth
- Inclination of the earth's axis on its orbital plane
- Elliptical shape of the earth's orbit

Q 25. Which statement is wrong with respect to parallels of latitudes?

- They start from equator and run parallel to it.
- All parallels are equal in length.
- A line joining places of equal latitude is known as parallel of latitude.
- All parallels are drawn as circles on the globe.

Q 26. Which of the following best describes longitude?

- Are distance towards east or west of the Prime Meridian
- The angular distance east or west of the Greenwich Meridian.
- Position of a place with reference to Greenwich Meridian.
- Imaginary line joining North Pole with South Pole.

Q 27. Match the following

- A. Antarctic Circle 1. $23\frac{1}{2}^\circ$ north
B. Tropic of Cancer 2. $23\frac{1}{2}^\circ$ south
C. Tropic of Capricorn 3. $66\frac{1}{2}^\circ$ north
D. Arctic Circle 4. $66\frac{1}{2}^\circ$ south

- (a) A-1 B-2 C-3 D-4 (b) A-4 B-1 C-2 D-3
(c) A-4 B-3 C-2 D-1 (d) A-3 B-2 C-1 D-4

Q 28. Which one of the following statements is correct?

- Great circle represents the longest distance on the surface of the earth.
- All parallels are great circles.
- It is possible to draw infinite number of great circles on the sphere.
- Great circles are not useful for the navigators.

Q 29. If the stars are seem to rise perpendicular to the horizon by an observer, he is located on the

- (a) Equator (b) Tropic of Cancer
(c) Arctic Circle (d) North Pole

Q 30. If it is 12.00 noon at Greenwich, the local time at different longitudes would be as follows.

Longitude	Local Time
1. $82\frac{1}{2}^\circ$ E	5.30PM.
2. 15° E	2.00PM.
3. 90° W	6.00AM.
4. 30° W	10.00AM.

Which of the above pairs is/are correctly matched?

- (a) 1 and 2 only (b) 1,2 and 3 only
(c) 1,3 and 4 only (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4

Q 31. When it is noon at IST meridian, people at another place of the earth are taking 6 O'clock morning tea. The longitude of this place is

- (a) 17.30°E (b) 7.30°W
(c) 172.30°E (d) 90°W

Q 32. If the earth's direction of rotation is reversed, what will be the. IST when it is noon at the International Date Line?

- (a) 06.30 hrs (b) 05.30 hrs
(c) 18.30.hrs (d) 17.30 hrs

Q 33. The standard time of the following countries is ahead or behind Greenwich Mean Time (GMT) depending on whether they are East or West of the longitude passing through Greenwich

1. Cuba 2. Greece 3. Iraq
4. Costa Rica 5. Japan

Which one of the sequential orders gives the correct arrangement of the countries according to their standard time from ahead to behind GMT?

- (a) 5, 3, 2, 1, 4 (b) 2, 4, 1, 3, 5
(c) 4, 1, 3, 2, 5 (d) 3, 5, 4, 1, 2

Q 34. Consider the following statements

1. The position when the earth is nearest to Sun is known as aphelion
2. The position when the earth is farthest from the sun is known as perihelion
3. Solstice is the time when the sun is at its greatest distance from the equator and the Sun's rays are vertical at one of the tropics

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- (a) 1 and 2 (b) 2 only
(c) 3 only (d) 1, 2 and 3

Q 35. Which statement is not completely true about the axis of the earth?

- (a) It is an imaginary line passing through the centre of the earth
(b) It is an imaginary line joining north and south poles
(c) It is inclined at an angle of $66\frac{1}{2}^\circ$ to the plane of the elliptic.
(d) It is inclined at an angle of $23\frac{1}{2}^\circ$ from the line perpendicular to the plane of elliptic.

Q 36. Which one of the following statements is not true about the speed of rotation of the earth around its axis?

- (a) It is maximum at the equator.
(b) It is maximum at the poles.
(c) It decreases away from the equator.
(d) At 60° latitudes, it is half of the speed at the equator.

Q 37. Match the following:

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|---------------------|-----------------|
| A. Summer Solstice | 1. March 21 |
| B. Winter Solstice | 2. September 23 |
| C. Vernal Equinox | 3. December 22 |
| D. Autumnal Equinox | 4. June 22 |

- (a) A-1 B-2 C-3 D-4 (b) A-4 B-3 C-1 D-2
(c) A-2 B-3 C-1 D-4 (d) A-3 B-2 C-4 D-1

Q 38. What is not caused by revolution of the earth around the sun?

- (a) Change of seasons.
(b) Difference in local time at different longitudes.
(c) Variation in length of day
(d) Difference in altitude of the sun at different places in different seasons.

Q 39. What is true about Vernal and Autumnal Equinoxes?

- (a) Vertical sun at the equator.
(b) Vertical sun at Tropic of Cancer or Tropic of Capricorn.
(c) Vertical sun at Arctic Circle or Antarctic Circle.
(d) Vertical sun at North Pole or South Pole.

Q 40. Which is not the exact cause of change of seasons?

- (a) Revolution of the earth around the sun.
(b) Rotation of the earth around its axis.
(c) Inclination of the earth's axis on the plane of earth's orbit.
(d) Varying distance of the earth from the sun.